#### INTRODUCTION

The Physics syllabus has been designed to provide learners with a sound knowledge of the fundamental concepts in Physics. It assumes a conceptual approach that focuses on enabling learners to acquire an understanding of scientific phenomena, facts, concepts, theories, laws and principles. Ample scope for laboratory and practical work which is essential for learners to develop the critical scientific skills needed in the successful study and application of Physics.

The General objectives for Grades 10 – 12 Physics:

- 1. Demonstrate comprehension of the basic principles and applications of Physics.
- 2. Exhibit scientific skills, competencies and attitudes which are necessary for the advancement of Physics.
- 3. Recognize the usefulness as well as limitations of the scientific method.

A learner-centered approach is emphasized in this curriculum. This is based on the firm belief that learning becomes more permanent, meaningful and exciting when learners themselves take ownership of the learning process. Instructors are therefore urged to contrive those classroom strategies that engage learners actively in the teaching and learning process.

#### GRADE: 10 PERIOD: I TOPIC: INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICS AND PROPERTIES OF MATTER.

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able	Upon completion of this topic	1. Development of physics:	Inclusive and	Primary Text	Expected Competencies
to:	students will be able to:		Differentiated Learning	Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny	Effective Communication
• Appropriate the	1 Discuss the importance of	(a) Branches of Physics	Individual seat works or work	Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics	skills
• Appreciate the importance of	Physics:	(b) Basic mathematical	in mixed groups according to	(Pearson, 2009).	
Physics in	<b>S</b> the second sec	concepts.	styles.	B. <u>Secondary Text</u>	Research and Problem
everyday life	2. Identify scalar and vector	T T	Styrest	John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson,	Solving
and the	quantities;		1 Assignments/exercise	Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)	
importance of		(c) Measurement	Calculation and deriving of		Digital Skills
accurate	3. Identify some basic	1. Systems of	units.	Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High	
measurement	Mathematical Concepts	Wieasurement		Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series-	Analytical Skills
of physical	significant figures).	ii. Fundamental	2. Group Assignments	(Millennium Edition 4-2011)	
quantities and		Quantities and Units	exercises:	marken miles	Creativity and Innovation
their	4. Distinguish between		a. Discuss the importance of the	-meter-rule; -balances (beam and spring):	Skills
applications in	fundamental and derived	iii. Derived	study of Physics.	-stop-watch;	Skills
technology.	physical quantities and their	Quantities and Units	b. Discuss the branches of	-thermometer;	Assessment strategies that can be
eeemers gj	units.	iv Metric Prefixes and	Physics.	-hydrometer;	used to check competencies: Select
	5. Analyze dimensional	Conversion	-	-density bottle;	relevant options.
	Analysis in terms of the		c. Discuss some basic	-graduated cylinders	• Presentations;
	relationship between	v. Significant Figures	mathematical concepts, eg,	gradation of material	• Writing Assignments;
	fundamental and derived		Significant figures	C. Other	• Quizzes;
	quantities.	vi. Accuracy and Precision Errors in	conversion of units, etc.	<b>Resources/Supplementary</b>	• Lab Reports:
	6. Measure with various	Measurement		Readings	Class participation:
	measuring instruments.			Bob McDuell, Senior High	Attendance
	_			Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)	Auchdalice,

7. Distinguish between density	(d) Pressure in	d. Discuss the fundamental and	Links:	• Test.
and relative density.	(i) Solids;	derived quantities and their	www.dictionary.com	
	(ii) Liquids; (iii) Gasses.	corresponding S.I. units.	www.khanacademy.com	
		3. Individual Assignments	www.reviewgamezone.com	
	e. Dimensional analysis	exercises	www.commomsence.org	
	and its use in physics.	a. Use dimensional analysis to derive the relationship	www.redit.com	
	f. Measuring	between quantities.	www.study.com	
	instruments:	h. Distinguish and an element	www.physicsworldm.com	
	Meter rule, venire caliper, Micro- meter screw gauge, beam balance, spring balance, stop watches, (digital) electronic balance, thermometer.	b. Distinguish scalar and vector quantities.		
	<ul><li>2. Scalar and vector quantities.</li><li>(a) Definitions of Scalars and Vectors</li></ul>			
	(b) Classification of			
	Quantities as Scalars and Vectors			
	Scientific notation and			
	Units conversion			

## GRADE: <u>10</u> PERIOD: <u>II</u> TOPIC: VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to: Recognize the various types of motion, their applications and the various forms in which forces affect the state of a body	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic students will be able to:</li> <li>1. analyze motion (Uniformly accelerated)</li> <li>2. apply the basic equations of motion (Interpret the motion graph);</li> <li>3. use the Newton's laws of motion and analyze the effect of gravity on falling bodies; and</li> <li>4. discuss the force of gravitation between objects.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nature and types of motion.</li> <li>a. Elements of Motion <ol> <li>Distance and Displacement</li> <li>Speed, Velocity and Acceleration</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Uniformly accelerated motion <ol> <li>Uniform acceleration</li> <li>Equations of Uniform Linear Motion</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Graphical Analysis of Uniform Motion(Using Standard Graph Sheets) <ol> <li>Position Time Graphs</li> <li>Displacement Time Graphs</li> <li>Velocity Time Graphs</li> </ol> </li> <li>d. Freely falling bodies (gravity).</li> </ul> <li>2. Newton's Laws of motion and Newton's Law of Universal Gravitation.</li>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning</li> <li>Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities, learning styles.</li> <li>1. Assignments/exercises</li> <li>Calculation and deriving of units.</li> <li>2. Group Discussion:</li> <li>Assignments /exercises: (Small mixed groups according to gender).</li> <li>a. Discuss using appropriate examples to distinguish distance, displacement, speed, velocity, acceleration, uniform velocity, instantaneous velocity and average velocity</li> <li>b. Calculate displacement, and acceleration of a moving object respect to time.</li> <li>c. Derive equation of uniformly accelerated motion to solve its problems.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Primary Text Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). </li> <li>B. Secondary Text John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition) </li> <li>C. Other Resources/Supplementary Readings Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)Simple pendulum -meter stick -Stop watch/clock -Graph papers -Rubber band, balloon, -cork Links:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems</li> <li>Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies that can be used to check competencies; Select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

	3. Class Exercises: (individual)	www.dictionary.com www.khanacademy.com	
	Draw and interpret graphs to illustrate uniformly accelerated motion.	www.reviewgamezone.com www.commomsence.org www.redit.com	
	<ul> <li>4. Group Practical(LAB): Learners are placed into small mixed groups according to gender and learning styles.</li> <li>(a) Demonstrate motion of freely falling bodies due to gravity;</li> <li>(b) Newton's Laws of Motion;</li> <li>(a) Newton's Liniversal Law of</li> </ul>	www.study.com www.physicsworldm.com	
	Gravitation; Hammering nails to demonstrate Newton's Third Law of Motion		

GRADE: 10

PERIOD: III

# TOPIC: WORK, ENERGY AND POWER

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to: 1. Appreciate the works of machines in life and the interrelationship	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic students will be able to:</li> <li>1. Identify the characteristics of work, energy and power and their S.I units;</li> <li>2. Solve simple problems</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Work, Energy and Power.</li> <li>(a) Kinds of Energy(potential and kinetic)</li> <li>(b) Conservation of Energy (transformation)</li> </ol>	Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities, learning styles. Calculation and LAB. Group Assignments	A. Primary Text Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). B. Secondary Text John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009).	ASSESSMENTS Expected Competencies • Effective Communication skills • Research and • Problems Solving
<ul> <li>between</li> <li>(a) Matter and energy.</li> <li>(b) work and energy</li> <li>(c) work/energy and Power do simple calculations on Work, Energy and Power</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Solve simple problems involving work, energy(potential and kinetic) and power</li> <li>Distinguish the types of simple machines</li> <li>Distinguish between work input and workoutput</li> <li>Compute potential and kinetic energies problems.</li> <li>Demonstrate the law of conservation of mechanical energy and its application.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>2. Machines <ul> <li>(a) Kinds of simple machines</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mechanical advantage, velocity ratios and efficiency of machines Universal Gravitation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exercise (Small mixed groups according to gender and ability to:</li> <li>a. Examine characteristics of Work, energy, and power.</li> <li>b. Analyze the system of pulleys and inclined plane.</li> <li>2. Group Demonstration: LAB (Small mixed groups according to gender and learning styles):</li> <li>a. to discover some simple machines at home and in school</li> <li>b. Display Hooke's law in relationship to Young's modulus.</li> </ul>	Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8 <sup>th</sup> Edition) -standard graph sheets; -strings/springs C. <u>Other</u> <u>Resources/Supplementary Readings</u> Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009) Set of simple machines, Meter rule, Stop clock, coil spring, assorted masses	<ul> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies that can be used to check competencies; Select relevant options. </li> <li>Presentations <ul> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>3. <u>Individual Assignments</u> /<u>exercise:</u></li> <li>a. Analyze potential and kinetic energies</li> </ul>	Links: <u>www.dictionary.com</u> www.khanacademy.com	
	Discuss the Law of Conservation of mechanical energy and relate it to the changes energy undergoes.	www.reviewgamezone.com www.commomsence.org www.redit.com	
		www.study.com www.physicsworldm.com	

# SEMESTER <u>TWO</u>

## GRADE: 10 PERIOD: IV TOPIC: THERMAL PHYSICS

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able	Upon completion of this topic	Temperature and heat.	Inclusive and Differentiated	A. Primary Text	Expected Competencies
to:	students will be able to:	(a) Difference between	Learning	Brian Arnold,	Effective
		temperature and	Individual seat works or work in	Steve Wolley & Penny	Communication skills
Elaborate the	1. Distinguish between	heat	mixed groups according to gender,	Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE	Research and Problems
concept of heat, its	Temperature and Heat		abilities, learning styles.	Physics (Pearson, 2009).	Solving
relationship with		(b) Temperature scales	1		• Solving
temperature and its	2. Outline the steps and	(Fahrenheit,	1. Assignments/exercise	B. Secondary Text	Digital Skills
effects on	principles involved in the	Celsius, and	Calculation and Lab.	John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson,	Analytical Skills
substances in	measurement of temperature	Kelvin-		Senior High Physics (Longman,	
Ges Laws		conversions)	2. Individual	2009)	Assessment Strategies That can
Gas Laws.	3. Describe the features and		Assignments/exercise:		be used to check competencies:
	use of different types of	(c) I nermometry	a) to bring out the concept of	Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High	Select relevant options.
	thermometers.	(1) Types of thermometers and	heat and	Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola	-
		their properties	b) temperature	Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)	• 1 Presentations
	4. Identify fundamental	(ii) Calibrations of	<b>c)</b> Distinguishing between heat		• 2 Writing Assignment
	intervals of thermometers.	(II) Calibrations of thermometers	and temperature,	M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8 <sup>th</sup>	• 3 Quizzes
		thermometers.	Thermometric property and	Edition)	• J Lab Report
	5. Solve simple thermometry	Expansion: Linear	associated characteristics with		<ul> <li>Class participation</li> </ul>
	problems.	area and volume	2 Crown aggignments/avancias	Paul Attakorah Atta Kay Physics	• 6 Attendencec
		urea, and voranie.	5. Group assignments/exercise	(Vol. 1. 2012 Edition)	• 7 Test
	6. Demonstrate	Charles Boyle's	to gender and learning styles	( , )	- 7.1050
	Charles, Boyle's, Combined	Combined gas and	to discuss:	M. W. Anyakaha Naw Sahaal Dhysias	
	gas laws,	Pressure Laws	(a) the Celsius:	for Senior Secondary Schools (2016	
		ricosulo Lamo.	(b) Fahrenheit: and	Edition)	
			(c) Kelvin scales of temperature		
			and their relationship.	-thermometers (Liquid-in-glass)	

	<ul> <li>3. Individual Assig/exercises: to solve problems a Charles, Boyle's, Co Pressure Laws.</li> <li>4. Group Demonst Small mixed group ability and learnin syringes to demonst laws. Charles, Boyle's, Co Pressure Laws.</li> </ul>	gnmentsC. Other Resources/Supplementary Readings Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)ration (Lab): os (according to g styles) Use rate pressure ombined gas, andLinear expansion apparatus Metal rods, weight meter stick Heat engine apparatus Rubber tubing Thermo flask Source of heatunder the transmission www.khanacademy.comLinks: www.commomsence.org www.reviewgamezone.comwww.reviewgamezone.com www.study.comwww.study.com	
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#### GRADE: 10 PERIOD: V TOPIC: ELECTROSTATICS

Learners are able to recognize:       Upon completion of this topic students will be able to:       1. Concept of electric charge.       Inclusive and Differentiated Learning       A. Primary Text       Expected Competencies         Individual seat works or work in       Johnson Edexcel IGCSE Physics       • Effective Communication		IES SPECIFIC OBJEC	IIVES: CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES
1. An electric charge produces an electric field.       1. Identify the two kinds of electric charges.       2. Basic law of Electrostatics.       2. Basic law of Electrostatics.       3. Basic law of Electrostatics.       3. Basic law of Electrostatics.       3. Coulombs law of Electrostatics.       4. Electric fields and Potential difference       1. Individual Assignments/exercise Calculation and Lab.       B. Secondary Text John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)       • Digital Skills         3. The importance of capacitors in electronic devices       4. Electric field intensity (strength)       5. Electric field intensity (strength)       5. Electric field intensity (strength)       7. Network of capacitors.       6. Capacitors and Capacitors and Coulomb's Law, electric field intensity and work done in an electric field.       7. Network of capacitors.       7. Network of capacitors.       8. Group Assignments/exercises Small mixed groups according to gender and learning styles; to caramine electrification sing silk and glass rod.       M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics (or Series -Parallel.       M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics (or Series -Parallel.       Presentations (or Coulomb's Law; (b) Experiments involving charge and discharge of capacitors;       M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics (or Series -Parallel.       Presentations (or Calculate applying the equation of Coulomb's Law; (b) Experiments involving charge and	are able nize:Upon comple students willactric e1. Identify t electric cectric e1. Identify t electric cces an ic field.2. Distingui conductoaction ethods3. State the Coulomb Electrosttance of itors in ical and onic4. Illustrate relative to5. Explain/I of chargi5. Explain/I of chargi6. Solve pro Coulomb field inte done in a7. Identify/I of capaci	<ul> <li>able Upon completion of t students will be able t students will be able t</li> <li>c 1. Identify the two k electric charges.</li> <li>an eld. 2. Distinguish betwee conductors and in ods ng an 3. State the Basic da Coulomb's Laws Electrostatics.</li> <li>4. Illustrate lines of relative to electric of charging a bod</li> <li>6. Solve problems o Coulomb's Law, field intensity and done in an electric</li> <li>7. Identify/Describe of capacitors and</li> </ul>	It views:CONTENTSs topic1. Concept of electric charge.ads of2. Basic law of Electrostatics.n3. Coulombs law of Electrostaticsf3. Coulombs law of Electrostaticsf4. Electric fields and Potential differencef5. Electric field intensity(strength)orce charges.6. Capacitors and Capacitance.e methods7. Network of capacitors.ectric work field.(a) Series; (b) Parallel; (c) Series-Parallel.	Inclusive and DifferentiatedLearningIndividual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities, learning styles.Assignments/exerciseCalculation and Lab.1. Individual Assignments exercises:The two charges of electrostatic in an electric field.2. Group Demonstration (Lab Small groups of mixed gender and learning styles) to: examine electrification using silk and glass rod.3. Group: Assignments/exercises Small mixed groups according to gender and learning styles: to (a) Calculate applying the equation of Coulomb's Law; (b) Experiments involving charge and discharge of capacitors;	A. Primary Text         Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny         Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics         (Pearson, 2009).         B. Secondary Text         John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson,         Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)         Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High         Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series-         (Millennium Edition 4-2011)         M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8 <sup>th</sup> Edition)         Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol.         1, 2012 Edition)         M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics         for Senior Secondary Schools(2016         Edition)         -thermometers (Liquid-in-glass)	<ul> <li>ASSESSMENTS</li> <li>Expected Competencies <ul> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> </ul> </li> <li>Research and Problems</li> <li>Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> </ul> <li>Assessment Strategies that can be used to check competencies: <ul> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul> </li>

8. Discuss the relationship	(c) Calculation involving electric	C. Other Resources/Supplementary	
between potential difference	field intensity, potential	Readings	
and capacitance.	difference and gradients;		
		Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated	
9. Solve problems on networks		Science(Pearson, 2009)	
or capacitors.	(d) Design the structure of	Linka	
	capacitors.	LINKS:	
		www.dictionary.com	
		www.khanacademy.com	
		www.reviewgamezone.com	
		www.commomsence.org	
		www.redit.com	
		www.study.com	
		www.physicsworldm.com	

#### GRADE: 10 PERIOD: VI TOPIC: PROPERTIES OF MATTER

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to: Recognize the structure of matter and determine the effect of applied force due to Hooke's Law.	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li> <li>1. Distinguish between atoms and molecules</li> <li>2. Examine the kinetic theory of matter</li> <li>3. Distinguish between cohesion and adhesion</li> <li>4. Analyze Hooke's law and apply Young's modulus in solving problems.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The states of matter.</li> <li>The structure of matter.</li> <li>Kinetic theory.</li> <li>Forces between molecules.</li> <li>Elasticity and Hooke's Law (Young's/Elastic modulus)</li> <li>Graphical representation of elasticity.</li> <li>Surface tension</li> <li>Viscosity, Diffusion, and Elastic strings</li> </ol>	Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.1. Calculation and Lab. Group Assignments/exercise: Small mixed groups (according to gender, ability and learning styles).a. To distinguish between atom and molecules.b. The properties of matter.c. Viscosity and diffusion in solid, liquid and gas. work done ind. Springs and elastic strings.e. The Phases of matter.2. Group Demonstration (LAB): Small mixed groups	<ul> <li><u>A.</u> <u>Primary Text</u> Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009).</li> <li><u>B.</u> <u>Secondary Text</u> John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)</li> <li>Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)</li> <li>M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition)</li> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition)</li> <li>M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies That can be used to check competencies; Select relevant option.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>(according to gender and learning styles):</li> <li>a. Experiment using test tube hydrometer.</li> <li>b. Demonstrating with <ul> <li>(i) inner tube;</li> <li>(ii) force siphons;</li> <li>(iii) life pumps;</li> <li>(iv) hydrometer;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	C. Other Resources/Supplementary <u>Readings</u> Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009) U-tubes, liquids 🛛 Hares apparatus Gravity bottle hydrometer, test tubes, force siphons, life pump crystal samples balloons
	3. Demonstrating cohesion and adhesion.	Links:
		www.dictionary.com
		www.khanacademy.com
		www.reviewgamezone.com
		www.commomsence.org
		www.redit.com
		www.study.com
		www.physicsworldm.com

#### GRADE: 11 PERIOD: I TOPIC: MOTION IN TWO DIMENSIONS

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able	Upon completion of this topic:	1. Vectors	Inclusive and	<u>A Primary Text</u>	Expected Competencies
to:	learners will:	(a)Addition/Composition	Differentiated Learning	Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny	Effective Communication
		(b)Resolution	Individual seat works or	Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics	skills
Appreciate the	1. Add and resolve vectors.		work in mixed groups	(Pearson, 2009).	
use force in		2. Projectile motion	according to gender,		• Research and
motion and its	2. Solve problems on simple		abilities and learning styles.	<b>B. Secondary Text</b>	
everyday activity	harmonic motion.	3. Circular motion	Assignments/exercises:	John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)	Problems Solving
	in solving (One and Two dimensions) problems.	4. Rotary/Rotational motion	Calculation.	Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa, Aki Ola Series	Digital Skills
	4. Distinguish the types of	motion	<b>vectors in:</b>	(Millennium Edition 4-2011)	Analytical Skills
	motion (Projectile, rotational, Circular, Simple Harmonic and oscillatory) and their applications		b.Two dimension c. Motion and types.	M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8 <sup>th</sup> Edition)	<ul> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> </ul>
			<ul><li>2. Calculate the dimension of vectors in one and two dimensions.</li><li>a. Examine the equations of motion to solve exercises.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition)</li> <li>M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016)</li> </ul>	Assessment Strategies <u>That</u> <u>can be used to check</u> <u>competencies</u> :
			<ul> <li>b.demonstrate the types of motion(solving problems):</li> <li>i. Projectile</li> <li>ii. Rotational</li> <li>iii. Circular</li> </ul>	Edition)	<ul> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> </ul>

	iv. Simple harmonic	C. Other Resources/Supplementary • Attendance	
	v. oscillatory	Readings • Test	
		Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated	
		Science (Pearson, 2009)	
		U-tubes, liquids 🛛 Hares	
		apparatus Gravity bottle	
		hydrometer, test tubes, force siphons,	
		life pump crystal samples balloons	
		Links:	
		www.dictionary.com	
		www.khanacademy.com	
		www.reviewgamezone.com	
		www.commomsence.org	
		www.eadit.com	
		www.redit.com	
		www.study.com	
		www.physicsworldm.com	
		<u>www.physicswonum.com</u>	

#### GRADE: 11 PERIOD: II TOPIC: COMPOSITION AND RESOLUTION OF FORCES

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to 1. Recognize the a. Various types of forces and the conditions that bring them to the state of equilibrium.	<ul><li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li><li>1. Combine force vectors to produce resultant force.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Composition and equilibrium of forces.</li> <li>Composition and Resolution of forces</li> </ol>	Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.	<ul> <li><u>A. Primary Text</u> Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009).</li> <li><u>B, Secondary Text</u> John Motey Addo &amp; Barry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems</li> </ul>
b.advantages and disadvantages of fiction	2. Use the cosine and sine laws in the resolution of force.	3.Parallel forces and Moments (torque) Center of gravity.	<ul> <li>a. Construct Vectors with magnitudes in:</li> </ul>	Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High	<ul><li>Solving</li><li>Digital Skills</li></ul>
c. Conditions for equilibrium of parallel forces.	3. Distinguish between resultant and equilibrant force.	Friction	i. the same direction	Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)	Analytical Skills
2. Demonstrate the types of equilibrium.	4. Demonstrate the two conditions for equilibrium.		<ul><li>b. Construct a vector with a</li></ul>	Edition) Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol.	<ul> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li><u>Assessment Strategies that can</u></li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Distinguish the types of Friction and calculate its</li> </ol>		magnitude and direction in a plane and compute its components	1, 2012 Edition) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics	<ul> <li><u>be used to check competencies;</u></li> <li>Select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> </ul>
	Distinguish between center of gravity and center of mass.		c. Demonstrate (gravity and equilibrium) experiment using force table. demonstrate composition and resolution of forces using the force table	for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition) -meter rule; -assorted -masses/weights	<ul> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendencec</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

2. Group	C. Other Resources/Supplementary	
Assignments/exercises to discuss	<b>Readings</b>	
the:	Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated	
a. Co-efficient of kinetic and static frictions on the	Science (Pearson, 2009)	
inclined plan.	Weights	
	Pulleys, force table	
b. The methods of reducing	Air track and accessories	
friction.	Hard board	
	Inclined plane wooden blocks.	
3. Group Demonstrations:		
a. Calculation involving forces	Links:	
b. Using the pencils as roller	www.dictionary.com	
to overcome the friction of	www.khanacademy.com	
block wood or matchbox to practice how to overcome	www.reviewgamezone.com	
friction	www.commomsence.org	
	www.redit.com	
	www.study.com	
	www.physicsworldm.com	

#### GRADE: 11 PERIOD: III TOPIC: MOMENTUM AND ITS CONSERVATION

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to Recognize the dangers in the collision of moving objects and take measure in	<ul><li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li><li>1. Analyze the nature and the effect of momentum.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Nature of Linear momentum and Impulse.</li> <li>Elastic and inelastic</li> </ol>	<b>Inclusive and Differentiated</b> <b>Learning</b> Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.	A. <u>Primary Text</u> Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCS Physics (Pearson, 2009).	Expected Competencies     Effective Communication     skills     Research and Problems
avoiding it.	<ol> <li>Differential between impulse and momentum.</li> <li>Distinguish between</li> </ol>	collisions. 3. Conservation of Momentum	Calculation. 1.Group Assignments /exercise: to discuss the nature and effect of:	<b>B.</b> <u>Secondary Text</u> John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High	<ul> <li>Digital Skills</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>elastic and inelastic collisions.</li><li>4. Distinguish between the laws of conservation of</li></ul>	4. Angular Momentum and its conservation	<ul><li>a. Momentum.</li><li>b. Impulse.</li><li>2. Group Demonstrations:</li></ul>	Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8 <sup>th</sup>	<ul><li>Analytical Skills</li><li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li></ul>
	linear and angular momentum and their applications.		a. Construct an experiment verifying conservation of momentum by using pendulum.	Edition) Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition)	Assessment Strategies that can be used to check competencies; Select relevant Options. • Presentations
			b. Construct the steps (equations) involving the calculations of elastic and inelastic collision.	M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)	<ul> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendencec</li> </ul>
			c. Design a momentum carts to displace conservation of	<b>Resources/Supplementa ry Readings</b> Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)	• 7.Test

	momentum elastic and inelastic.	Air track (set) Bump putty cars	
		Links: www.dictionary.com	
		www.khanacademy.com	
		www.reviewgamezone.com	
		www.commomsence.org	
		www.redit.com	
		www.study.com	
		www.physicsworldm.com	

# GRADE: 11 PERIOD: IV TOPIC: HEAT

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to Recognize and appreciate the importance and effect of heat energy in our environment.	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li> <li>1. Elaborate the concept and characteristics of heat.</li> <li>2. Distinguish between specific heat and specific heat capacity.</li> <li>3. Distinguish between the methods of heat transfer and the laws of heat exchange.</li> <li>4. Discuss heat transfer in a vacuum flask.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Heat</li> <li>Specific heat and specific capacity</li> <li>Heat transfer and the laws of heat exchange.</li> <li>Latent heat of fusion and vaporization</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation and Lab.</li> <li>Calculation and Lab.</li> <li>Group Assignments /exercise: Discuss the characteristics of heat.</li> <li>Group Demonstrations: <ul> <li>a. Conduct Calorimeter heat experiments.</li> <li>b. Estimate and calculate specific heat and specific heat capacity of an object.</li> <li>c. Examine the equation, and calculate the latent heat of fusion and heat of vaporization.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Group Demonstration LAB: To demonstrate the principles of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>A. Primary Text</u> Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009).</li> <li><u>B. Secondary Text</u> John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)</li> <li>Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)</li> <li>M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition)</li> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition)</li> <li>M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)</li> <li>C. <u>Other Resources/Supplementary Readings</u> Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated</li> </ul>	ASSESSMENTSExpected Competencies• Effective Communication skills• Research and Problems Solving• Digital Skills• Digital Skills• Analytical Skills• Creativity and Innovation SkillsSelect relevant Options.• Presentations• Writing Assignment• Quizzes• Lab Report• Class participation• Attendance• Test
			the combustion engines.	Science (Pearson, 2009)	

		Air track (set)	
		Bump putty cars	
		Links:	
		www.dictionary.com	
		www.khanacademy.com	
		www.reviewgamezone.com	
		www.commomsence.org	
		www.redit.com	
		www.study.com	
		www.physicsworldm.com	

# GRADE: 11 PERIOD: V TOPIC: WAVES

OUTCOMES SPECIFIC	C OBJECTIVES: CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to:Upon com this topic,Recognize and appreciate the importance of the nature of wave's 	Impletion of learners will:1. Nature characteristics and properties of waves ande characteristics, t and component es.1. Nature characteristics and properties of waves ande characteristics, t and component es.2. Types of wavesate on the ies and the ies of waves.3. Sound waves (a) Production, characteristics and transmission.methods of tion and ssion of sound nd its application3. Sound waves (a) Production, characteristics and transmission.ute the speed of relative to its rature2. Doppler effect 3. Vibrations in string and tubes2. Beats	Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.Calculation. 1. Group Assignments /exercise:2. Discuss the nature of waves and its components.3. Discuss the characteristics of waves (Reflection, Refraction, Diffraction, interference, Polarization)3.4.Group Demonstrations: Examine the wave equations (v= $\lambda f$ ) relative to its: i. Velocity ii. Length iii. Frequency	<ul> <li><u>A. Primary Text</u> Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009).</li> <li><u>B. Secondary Text</u> John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)</li> <li>Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)</li> <li>M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition)</li> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition)</li> <li>M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies that can be used to check competencies; Select relevant Options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

(b) intensity and	5. Individual Assignments	C. Other Resources/Supplementary	
intensity level;	/exercises:	Readings	
(c) music and noise;	a. Distinguish between transverse and longitudinal waves using a string and	Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)	
(d) stringed and non-	cool spring.	Air track (set)	
stringed music instruments.	Distinguish the classification of musical instruments relative to	Bump putty cars	
7. Analyze vibrations in strings and tubes	beat, noise, and echoes and demonstrate Doppler effect using	www.dictionary.com	
(pipes).	turning forks	www.reviewgamezone.com	
	the nature of sound relative	www.commomsence.org	
	percussion instruments (drum bells cymbal horn	www.study.com	
	guitar, flute, and sassa) to produce different sounds to	www.physicsworldm.com	
	illustrate methods of sound transmission.		
	7. Group Demonstration(lab)		
	Production and transmission of sound in tubes (closed and open)		

# GRADE: 11 PERIOD: VI TOPIC: LIGHT

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES
Learners are able to: Recognize the source of light and its effects on mirrors in producing images.	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li> <li>1. Determine the sources and importance of radiant energy.</li> <li>2. Construct the linear propagation of a light indicating shadows and eclipses.</li> <li>3. Analyze the major regions of the electromagnetic spectrum, the photoelectric effect and a principle of a laser</li> <li>4. Examine the effects of burning on the environment</li> <li>5. Analyze and demonstrate the image formation using a mirror</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Nature and Sources of light.</li> <li>Properties of light</li> <li>Propagation of light         <ul> <li>(a) Shadow and ellipse</li> <li>(b) Pin-hole camera</li> </ul> </li> <li>Reflection of light by plane and spherical mirrors.</li> <li>Electromagnetic Spectrum</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation.         <ol> <li>Group Assignments /exercises:</li></ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>A. Primary Text Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). </li> <li>B. Secondary Text Fohn Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition) Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)  -standard graph sheets C. Other Resources/Supplementary  Readings Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated  Science (Pearson, 2009)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> </ul> Assessment Strategies That can be used to check Competencies; select relevant options. <ul> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>b. Discuss the nature and types of mirrors.</li> <li>4. Individual Demonstration: Construct the rays diagram displaying image formation by mirror</li> <li>Examine the mirror equation and apply it in calculating mirror problems</li> </ul>	Ray-box         Pin-hole camera         Plane and curve         Mirrors         Air track (set)         Meter rule         Posters         Markers         www.dictionary.com         www.khanacademy.com         www.reviewgamezone.com         www.commomsence.org         www.redit.com	
		<u>www.redit.com</u> <u>www.study.com</u> <u>www.physicsworldm.com</u>	

#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: I TOPIC: REFRACTION AND DISPERSION OF LIGHT

OUTCOMES	<b>SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:</b>	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES
					ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to:	Upon completion of this	1. Refraction at plane	<b>Inclusive and Differentiated</b>	A. Primary Text	Expected Competencies
December (he common of	topic, learner will:	interface	Learning Individual seat	Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny	Effective Communication
Recognize the sources of		• Laws of	works or work in mixed	Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics	skills
producing others colors and	1. Analyze and justify the	refraction	groups according to gender,	(Pearson, 2009).	
identify the lenses and their	laws of refraction.	2 Refractive index	abilities and learning styles.		• Research and Problems
uses in the correction of eve		(a) Snell's Law		<b>B. Secondary Text</b>	Solving
defects.	2. Calculate the refractive	(a) Shen's Law (b) The speed of	Calculation.	John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson,	C
	materials	light:	1. Group Assignments	Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)	Digital Skills
	materials.	(c) Real depth and	/exercise:		C
	3. Apply the Snells law	apparent depth;	a. Discuss the Law of	Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High	Analytical Skills
	equation to compute the	(d) Critical angle and	refraction.	Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series-	
	index of refraction.	total internal	b. Discuss optical	(Millennium Edition 4-2011)	• Creativity and Innovation
		reflection.	instruments for		Skills
	4. Distinguish between	2 Critical angle and	description (Lens,	M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8th	
	primary colors and	5. Critical angle and the total internal	Magnifying glass, Prism	Edition)	
	primary pigments.	reflection	glass, torch light on water		Assessment Strategies
		Terrection.	in plastic)	Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol.	That can be used to check
	5. Distinguish between	4. Lenses and eye		1, 2012 Edition)	<u>Competencies</u> ; select relevant
	total internal reflection	defects.	2. Group Demonstration (Lab):		options.
	and critical angle	<b>D</b>	Use glass block and prism to	M W Anyakoha New School Physics	Presentations
		Dispersion	create the refractive index of	for Senior Secondary Schools(2016	• Writing Assignment
			material.	Edition)	• Ouizzes
			3. Group Assignments	-standard graph sheets	Lab Report
			/exercises:	Standard Bruph Shoots	Class participation
					Attendance
	<ol> <li>Distinguish between total internal reflection and critical angle</li> </ol>	<ul><li>the total internal reflection.</li><li>4. Lenses and eye defects.</li><li>Dispersion</li></ul>	<ul> <li>2. Group Demonstration (Lab):</li> <li>Use glass block and prism to create the refractive index of material.</li> <li>3. Group Assignments /exercises:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 1, 2012 Edition)</li> <li>M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition) <ul> <li>standard graph sheets</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	That can be used to checkCompetencies; select relevantoptions.• Presentations• Writing Assignment• Quizzes• Lab Report• Class participation• Attendance

	<ul> <li>Analyze the way in which primary colors are used to produce secondary colors.</li> <li>a. Discuss how light ray leaves water to create critical angle.</li> <li>b. Discuss eye defects and correction,</li> <li>c. the camera,</li> <li>d. projection,</li> <li>e. simple and compound microscopes and</li> <li>f) telescopes.</li> </ul> 4. Individual demonstration Lab: Use bending pencil in the glass of water to practice refraction	C. Other Resources/Supplementary Readings Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009) Ray-box Pin-hole camera Plane and curve Mirrors Air track (set) Meter rule Posters Markers www.dictionary.com www.khanacademy.com www.reviewgamezone.com www.reviewgamezone.com www.redit.com www.study.com www.physicsworldm.com	• Test
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#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: II TOPIC: DIRECT CURRENT ELECTRICITY

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
<ol> <li>Learners are able to:</li> <li>Construct and analyze electric circuit in determining the resistance, potential difference and the current in accordance with Ohm's and Kirchhoff' Laws.</li> <li>Identify factors affecting the resistance of a conductor.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li> <li>Identify sources of direct current.</li> <li>Distinguish and analyze series and parallel circuits.</li> <li>Analyze Ohms law and its uses in circuit analysis.</li> <li>Formulate Kirchhoff's laws of electric energy and its application in circuit.</li> <li>Calculate internal resistance of cells/battery.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sources of direct current</li> <li>(a) Primary and secondary cells;</li> <li>(b) Fuel and solar cells.</li> <li>2. Resistance and Resistivity</li> <li>(a) Ohm's Law;</li> <li>(b) Factors affecting the resistance of the conductor.</li> <li>3. DC Circuits</li> <li>(a) Series;</li> <li>(b) Parallel;</li> <li>(c) SeriesParallel.</li> <li>4. Electromotive Force (EMF) and Internal Resistance</li> <li>5. Electrical Energy and Power</li> <li>Cost of electrical energy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation and Lab.</li> <li>Group Assignments /exercises: Discuss the process in which direct currents are produced.</li> <li>Group Demonstration (Lab) to Construct and analyze: a. series circuits (three in b. parallel circuits</li> <li>Combination of series and parallel circuits, using lamps, and dry cell.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Primary Text Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). </li> <li>B. Secondary Text John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman 2009) </li> <li>Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition) </li> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 2, 2012 Edition) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics  for Senior Secondary Schools(2016  Edition) </li> <li>C. Other Resources/Supplementary Readings Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication Skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies</li> <li>That can be used to check</li> <li>Competencies; select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>6. Heating Effects and Electrolysis.</li> <li>7. Kirchhoff's Law of electric energy.</li> <li>3. Group Demonstration (Lab) Verification o Ohm's Law</li> <li>4. Individual Demonstration: tt Construct practical circui diagram to apply ohms law by calculate: <ul> <li>a. Resistance</li> <li>b. potential difference</li> </ul> </li> <li>Current</li> </ul> <li>Individual Assignments <ul> <li>The importance of ammeter, volt meter, and ohms meter in circuit analysis.</li> <li>Heating effect in circuits using cells ar light bulb.</li> </ul></li>	Sources of emf (cells) <ul> <li>Electric meters;</li> <li>Wheatstone bridge</li> <li>Constantan wire (28 gauge)</li> <li>Conduction wire;</li> <li>Tungsten wires;</li> <li>Photocell;</li> <li>Resistance box;</li> <li>Lamps (6 or 12 volt)</li> </ul> Links: <ul> <li>www.dictionary.com</li> <li>www.khanacademy.com</li> <li>www.reviewgamezone.com</li> <li>www.redit.com</li> <li>www.study.com</li> <li>www.study.com</li> <li>www.physicsworldm.com</li> </ul>
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#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: III TOPIC: MAGNETISM AND ELECTRO - MAGNETISM

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to: Recognize that it is magnetic effect that produces electricity.	<ol> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li> <li>Analyze the origin of magnets.</li> <li>Compare the relationship between electricity and magnetism.</li> <li>Distinguish motor from generator.</li> <li>Elaborate the principle of transformer and its function.</li> <li>Distinguish between AC and DC motors.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>MAGNETISM</li> <li>Magnets <ul> <li>(a) Types and Properties;</li> <li>(b) Magnetic Materials;</li> <li>(c) Concept of Magnetic Fields;</li> <li>(d) Methods of Magnetizing and Demagnetizing Magnets.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Magnetic Fields <ul> <li>(a) Types;</li> <li>(b) Magnetic Flux and Magnetic Flux Density;</li> <li>(c) Force in a Magnetic Field;</li> <li>(d) Moving Cord Galvanometer.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation and Lab. <ol> <li>Group</li> </ol> </li> <li>Assignments/exercises: <ol> <li>The origin of magnets and its importance.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Distinguish the various types of magnets and it applications.</li> <li>Discuss the relationship between electricity and magnetism</li> <li>The effect of electricity on magnetism. v. Discuss the factors that differential motor and generator.</li> <li>Group Demonstration: <ol> <li>Construct a diagram showing the conversion</li> </ol></li></ul>	<ul> <li>A. Primary Text</li> <li>Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009).</li> <li>B. Secondary Text</li> <li>John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)</li> <li>Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)</li> <li>M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition)</li> <li>Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 2, 2012 Edition)</li> <li>M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expected Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies</li> <li>That can be used to check</li> <li>Competencies; select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>(a) The Laws of Electromagnetic Induction;</li> <li>(b) Induced current and emf;</li> <li>(c) Inductors, generators, motors and transformers.</li> </ul>	b. Construct and analyze the diagrams of: i. Motor ii. Generator c. Verify the equation transformer: $\frac{V_p}{P} = \frac{n_p}{P}$ to calculate the input or $V_s$ $n_s$ output of a transformer.	<ul> <li>C. Other Resources/Supplementary Readings</li> <li>Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated</li> <li>Science (Pearson, 2009)</li> <li>Magnets (Bar, U-shape and horse- shoe)</li> <li>Iron fillings</li> <li>Magnetometer</li> <li>Mapping compass Nails, galvanometer transformer</li> <li>Demonstration motor</li> <li>Ammeter and volt meter</li> </ul>	
			www.dictionary.com www.khanacademy.com www.reviewgamezone.com www.commomsence.org www.redit.com www.study.com www.physicsworldm.com	

#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: IV TOPIC: ALTERNATING CURRENT ( AC) AND ELECTRONICS

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES
Learners are able to: Recognize usage of alternating current and the application of transistors in a circuit.	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will:</li> <li>1. Identify electrical measuring instruments and state their uses.</li> <li>2. Demonstrate the functions of alternating current.</li> <li>3. Distinguish between resistance and impedance.</li> <li>4. Analyze the R, C, L circuits and the phase diagram of the (R.C.L.) Circuits.</li> <li>Analyze the principle of the cathode ray tube and applications of transistors and diodes.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>AC         <ul> <li>(a) Measurements;</li> <li>(b) Function;</li> <li>(c) AC Circuits                 (RCL);</li> </ul> </li> <li>Resonance</li> <li>Basic Electronics         <ul> <li>(a) Semi-Conductors</li> <li>(i) Doping;</li> <li>(ii)Intrinsic and                 Extrinsic Semi-Conductors</li> <li>(iii) P-type and N-type semi-conductors</li> <li>(iv) Band Theory</li> <li>(b) Semiconductor                 devices:                 -transistors;                 -thermistors;                 -diodes.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles. Calculation and Lab. 1. Group Assignments /exercises: a. discuss electrical measuring instruments for verification b. discuss vacuum tubes 2. Group Demonstration (Lab): Perform experiment in circuits involving: inductor, capacitor, resistor 3. Individual Demonstration: demonstrating the uses of transistors and diodes in a circuit	A. Primary Text         Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley & Penny         Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics         (Pearson, 2009).         B. Secondary Text         John Motey Addo & Barry Jackson,         Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009)         Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High         Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola         Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011)         M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8 <sup>th</sup> Edition)         Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 2, 2012 Edition)         M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016         Edition)         C. Other Resources/Supplementary         Readings         Bob McDuell, Senior High	<ul> <li>ASSESSMENTS</li> <li>EXPECTED Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> </ul> Assessment Strategies That can be used to CheckCompetencies; Select relevant options. <ul> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes written exercises Identification of Lab apparatus</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> </ul>

		Vacuum tubes	• Test
		Voltmeter, ammeter ohm meter	
		Resistors, capacitors and inductors	
		Diodes and transistors	
		Conduction wires	
		Power source	
		Links:	
		www.dictionary.com	
		www.khanacademy.com	
		www.reviewgamezone.com	
		www.commomsence.org	
		www.redit.com	
		www.study.com	
		www.physicsworldm.com	

#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: V TOPIC: ATOMIC AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to: Identify substances that can emit harmful particles and take appropriate precautions against the harm of long term exposure to radioactive substances.	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will be able to:</li> <li>1. Examine the properties of an electron.</li> <li>2. Analyze the effect of radioactivity substances on the human body.</li> <li>3. Draw and analyze the typical atom and the applications of nuclear energy.</li> <li>4. Distinguish between fission and fusion.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The nucleus and the electron</li> <li>Types of nuclear reactions and the uses of nuclear energy</li> <li>Radioactivity         <ul> <li>Types;</li> <li>Radioactive substances and their effects;</li> <li>Radioactive decay and half- life.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Nuclear fission and fusion</li> <li>Thermionic and Photoelectric emissions         <ul> <li>Cathode rays;</li> <li>X-rays</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation.</li> <li>1. Group Assignments /exercises: to discuss: <ul> <li>a. The existence and strength of radioactive detectors and radioactive substance.</li> <li>b. Fission and fusion reaction. (exp. U238 disintegration)</li> <li>c. Listing application of nuclear energy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Group Demonstration: Drawing and displaying a Simple Performing tracer experiment.</li> <li>3. Individual Assignments/exercises:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Primary Text Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). </li> <li>B. Secondary Text John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition) Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 2, 2012 Edition) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition) C. Other <u>Resources/Supplementary Readings Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)</u></li></ul>	<ul> <li>EXPECTED Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies That can be used to CheckCompetencies; Select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes written exercises Identification of Lab apparatus</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendencec</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>a. Stating and discussing effects of radioactive substances on lives.</li> <li>b. Explanation should include the cathode ray and x – rays, their nature, properties and characteristics</li> </ul>	Vacuum tubes Voltmeter, ammeter ohm meter Resistors, capacitors and inductors Diodes and transistors Conduction wires Power source Links:	<ul> <li>Test Identification of Lab apparatus</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>
		www.dictionary.comwww.khanacademy.comwww.reviewgamezone.comwww.commomsence.orgwww.redit.comwww.study.comwww.physicsworldm.com	

#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: V TOPIC: ATOMIC AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES
Learners are able to: Identify substances that can emit harmful particles and take appropriate precautions against the harm of long term exposure to radioactive substances.	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, learners will be able to:</li> <li>1. Examine the properties of an electron.</li> <li>2. Analyze the effect of radioactivity substances on the human body.</li> <li>3. Draw and analyze the typical atom and the applications of nuclear energy.</li> <li>4. Distinguish between fission and fusion.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The nucleus and the electron</li> <li>Types of nuclear reactions and the uses of nuclear energy</li> <li>Radioactivity         <ul> <li>Types;</li> <li>Radioactive substances and their effects;</li> <li>Radioactive decay and half-life.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Nuclear fission and fusion 4Termionic and Photo electric emissions         <ul> <li>Cathode rays;</li> <li>X-rays</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated Learning Individual seat works or work in mixed groups according to gender, abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation.</li> <li>Group Assignments /exercises: to discuss:         <ul> <li>d. The existence and strength of radioactive detectors and radioactive substance.</li> <li>e. Fission and fusion reaction. (exp. U238 disintegration)</li> <li>f. Listing application of nuclear energy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Group Demonstration: Drawing and displaying a Simple Performing tracer experiment.</li> <li>Individual Assignments/exercises: c. Stating and discussing effects of radioactive substances on lives.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>C. Primary Text Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). </li> <li>D. Secondary Text John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition) Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 2, 2012 Edition) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition) C. Other Resources/Supplementary  Readings  Bob McDuell, Senior High  Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>ASSESSMENTS</li> <li>EXPECTED Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication Skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies That can be used to Check Competencies; Select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes written exercises Identification of Lab apparatus</li> <li>Lab Report</li> </ul>

d. Explar cathod nature, properties and	ion should include the ray and x – rays, their aracteristics Voltmeter, ammeter ohm meter Resistors, capacitors and inductors Diodes and transistors Conduction wires Power source Links: www.dictionary.com www.khanacademy.com www.reviewgamezone.com www.reviewgamezone.com www.redit.com www.study.com	<ul> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test Identification of Lab apparatus</li> <li>Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> <li>Attendance</li> <li>Test</li> </ul>
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#### GRADE: 12 PERIOD: VI TOPIC: HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS

OUTCOMES	SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS/RESOURCES	COMPETENCIES ASSESSMENTS
Learners are able to: Describe the disintegration of atoms in produces energy particles can be accelerated and captured	<ul> <li>Upon completion of this topic, students will:</li> <li>1. Examine the uncertainty principle</li> <li>2. Analyze the principle quantum numbers and describe the motion of an electron</li> <li>3. Discuss various types of particle accelerators</li> <li>4. Identify and discuss the four basic interaction s between particles of matter</li> <li>5. Analyze the conservation laws of particle physics</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Quantum mechanics</li> <li>Particle Accelerators</li> <li>Detecting instruments</li> <li>Subatomic reactions</li> <li>Einstein's photoelectric equation</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Inclusive and Differentiated</li> <li>Learning Individual seat</li> <li>works or work in mixed</li> <li>groups according to gender,</li> <li>abilities and learning styles.</li> <li>Calculation.</li> <li>1. Group Assignments/exercises:</li> <li>to examine the: <ul> <li>a. Half –life experiment</li> <li>using Geiger counters</li> <li>b. Electron configuration of</li> <li>some light elements</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Group Demonstration: to: <ul> <li>a. Drawing and libeling</li> <li>diagram of various</li> <li>particle accelerators</li> </ul> </li> <li>Preparing a chart of subatomic particles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Primary T&amp;xt Brian Arnold, Steve Wolley &amp; Penny Johnson, Edexcel IGCSE Physics (Pearson, 2009). </li> <li>B. Secondary Text John Motey Addo &amp; Barry Jackson, Senior High Physics (Longman, 2009) Peter Asiedu, Physics for Senior High Schools in West Africa- Aki-Ola Series- (Millennium Edition 4-2011) M. Melkon, Principles of Physics, (8<sup>th</sup> Edition) Paul Attakorah, Atta Kay Physics (Vol. 2, 2012 Edition) M. W. Anyakoha, New School Physics for Senior Secondary Schools(2016 Edition)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>EXPECTED Competencies</li> <li>Effective Communication skills</li> <li>Research and Problems Solving</li> <li>Digital Skills</li> <li>Analytical Skills</li> <li>Creativity and Innovation Skills</li> <li>Assessment Strategies That can be used to Check Competencies;</li> <li>Select relevant options.</li> <li>Presentations</li> <li>Writing Assignment</li> <li>Quizzes written exercises Identification of Lab apparatus</li> <li>.Lab Report</li> <li>Class participation</li> </ul>

	C. Other <u>Resources/Supplementary</u>	• Attendance
	Readings	• Test Identification of Lab
	Bob McDuell, Senior High Integrated Science (Pearson, 2009) Geiger Muller Counter	<ul><li>apparatus</li><li>Lab Report</li><li>Class participation</li><li>Attendencec</li></ul>
	www.dictionary.com	
	www.khanacademy.com	
	www.reviewgamezone.com	
	www.commomsence.org	
	www.redit.com	
	www.study.com	
	www.physicsworldm.com	